



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Patent and Trademark Office

Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS
Washington, D.C. 20231

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
-----------------	-------------	----------------------	---------------------

09/684,725 10/06/00 HARLAND

L PCS10361ADAM

EXAMINER

HM12/1102

GREGG C BENSON
PFIZER INC
PATENT DEPARTMENT MS
4159 EASTERN POINT ROAD
GROTON CT 06340

L I R

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

1646

DATE MAILED:

11/02/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/684,725

Applicant(s)

HARLAND, LEE

Examiner

Ruixiang Li

Art Unit

1646

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on ____.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-12 and 22 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 13-21 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-12 and 22 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☒ Claim(s) 1-22 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 10/06/2000 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on ____ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☒ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. ____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) ____.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). ____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-12, and 22, drawn to polynucleotides, primers, vectors, host cells, and the process of making the polypeptide, classified in class 536, subclasses 23.1 and 24.33; class 435, subclasses 320.1, 325, and 69.1.
- II. Claim 13, drawn to polypeptides, classified in class 530, subclass 324.
- III. Claims 14 and 16, drawn to antibodies, classified in class 530, subclass 387.9.
- IV. Claims 15 and 17, drawn to polypeptide modulators, classified in class 530, subclass 300.
- V. Claim 18, drawn to a method of identifying peptide-binding compounds, classified in class 435, subclass 7.1.
- VI. Claim 19, drawn to a method of treatment with antibodies, classified in class 424, subclass 134.1.
- VII. Claims 20 and 21, drawn to a method of treatment with peptide modulators, classified in class 514, subclass 2.

2. The inventions are distinct, each from the other for the following reasons. Inventions

I, II, III, and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP §806.04, MPEP §808.01).

In the instance case, the different inventions are drawn to completely different

Art Unit: 1646

products having completely different structures and biological functions which are not interchangeable and which require non-cohesive searches and considerations.

3. Inventions V, VI and VII are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP §806.04, MPEP §808.01). In the instance case the different inventions are drawn to completely different methods each having completely different method steps, using different compositions, and having completely different outcomes. The method of identifying peptide-binding compounds will not provide information regarding the method of treatment with either an antibody or a peptide modulator; On the other hand, the method of treatment with either an antibody or a peptide modulator will not be able to identify the peptide-binding compounds and the three methods are exclusive.
4. Inventions II and V are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the polypeptide may be used in materially different methods, such as production of antibody by immunization of the mice.
5. Inventions III and VI are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially

Art Unit: 1646

different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the antibodies may be used to detect or isolate the peptide.

6. Inventions IV and VII are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the peptide modulators can be used in a binding assay or to study the biological functions of the peptide.
7. Invention I is an independent invention from V, VI, and VII; Invention II is an independent invention from VI and VII; Invention III is an independent invention from V and VII; Invention IV is an independent invention from V and VI. The different inventions are drawn to distinct product and method inventions.
8. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
9. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Art Unit: 1646

10. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for a single group is not required for any other group, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
11. During a telephone conversation with Deborah A. Martin on August 9, a provisional election was made without traverse to prosecute the invention of group I, claims 1-12 and 22. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 13-21 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48 (b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48 (b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17 (I).

Minor Objection to the Application

12. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed. The following title is suggested: "A Subtype of Neuromedin U Receptor".

Claim Rejections—35 USC § 101

13. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Art Unit: 1646

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

14. Claims 1-12 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is not supported by either a specific and substantial asserted utility or a well-established utility.

Claims 1-12 and 22 are drawn to polynucleotides encoding G-protein-coupled receptors and methods of expressing these proteins. The claimed polynucleotides are not supported by either a specific and substantial asserted utility or a well-established utility. A specific and substantial utility is one that is particular to the subject matter claimed and that identifies a "real world" context of use for the claimed invention which does not require further research. The asserted utility of use of compounds (agonists or antagonists of the claimed polypeptide) in the manufacture of a medicament for treatment of obesity (page 8, line 36-page 8, line 11), while specific, is not substantial because it would require or constitute carrying out further research to identify or reasonably confirm a "real world" context of use. See *Brenner v. Manson*, 383 U.S. 519, 148 USPQ 689 (Sup. Ct. 1966), noting that "a patent is not a hunting license. It is not a reward for the search, but compensation for its successful conclusion."

Likewise, the following asserted utility (page 9, lines 15-22) is not specific and substantial, "Drugs that modulate the novel PFI-002 receptor will therefore be likely to modulate signal transduction processes. It is therefore likely that modulators of the PFI-002 receptor may be useful for the treatment of many different disorders associated with signal transduction that will most likely include,

but not limited to, obesity, diabetes...". The word "likely" and the disclosure of a list of disorders in the specification clearly indicate that the asserted utility requires further research to determine the specific role of the claimed novel PFI-002 receptor in signal transduction processes and its association with a specific disorder.

In addition, the asserted utility of the PFI-002 polypeptide and nucleotide sequences encoding the polypeptide for screening drug candidates for treatment of diseases (page 9, lines 24-35) is not specific and substantial, either. Furthermore, the specification asserts that nucleotide sequences encoding a PFI-002 receptor provide probes to detect chromosomal aberration (page 19, lines 15-21). Since a disease specifically associated with an abnormal level of nucleotide sequences encoding a PFI-002 receptor has not been identified, the use of the probe to diagnose such chromosomal aberration would require further research. Thus, the asserted utility is not specific and substantial.

The invention also lacks a well-established utility. A well-established utility is a specific, substantial, and creditable utility that is well known, immediately apparent, or implied by the specification's disclosure of the properties of a material. Neither the specification as filed nor any art of record before the priority date of this application discloses or suggests any property or activity for the PFI-002 polypeptide and/or nucleotide sequences encoding the polypeptide such that another non-asserted utility would be well-established for the compounds.

15. Claims 1-12 and 22 are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph. Specifically, since the claimed invention is not supported by either a specific and

Art Unit: 1646

substantial asserted utility or a well established utility for the reasons set forth above, one skilled in the art clearly would not know how to use the claimed invention.

Further, even if the polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 1 or encoding a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 2 were to have a patentable use, the instant disclosure would not be found to be enabling for the claimed genus of homologues or fragments of the polynucleotides.

The factors to be considered when determining whether a disclosure satisfies enablement requirement include: (i) the quantity of experimentation necessary; (ii) the amount of direction or guidance presented; (iii) the existence of working examples; (iv) the nature of the invention; (v) the state of the prior art; (vi) the relative skill of those in the art; (vii) the predictability or unpredictability of the art; and (viii) the breadth of the claims. *Ex Parte Forman*, 230 USPQ 546 (Bd Pat. App. & Int. 1986); *In re Wands*, 858 F. 2d 731, 8 USPQ 2d 1400 (Fed. Cir. 1988).

Each of the claims recites a genus of polynucleotides that has at least 70% (75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, or 95%) identity to a polynucleotide comprising SEQ ID NO: 1 or encoding a polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 2, as well as polynucleotides comprising fragments of a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 1 or encoding SEQ ID NO: 2. However, other than SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 2, the disclosure does not provide sufficient guidance and information regarding the structural and functional requirements commensurate in scope with what is encompassed by the instant claims. The disclosure has not shown what modifications (e.g., substitutions,

Art Unit: 1646

deletions or additions) one can make to SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 2 will result in mutants with the same function as SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 2. The state of the art (See, e.g., Ngo, et al, *The Protein Folding Problem and Tertiary Structure Prediction*, 1994, Merz, et al. (ed.), Birkhauser, Boston, MA, pp. 433 and 492-495) is such that the sequence of a peptide and its activity is not well understood and is not predictable. Excising out portions of a protein or modifications to a protein, e.g., by substitutions and deletions, would often result in deleterious effects to the overall activity and effectiveness of the protein.

The instant claims also embrace polynucleotide fragments of any size. However, the disclosure has not shown which portions or fragments of SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 2 are critical to the activity of the polypeptide encoded by the claimed polynucleotides. Thus, the disclosure has not provided sufficient guidance and information to enable one skilled in the art to predict which if any fragments of the whole molecule would be reasonably expected to retain characteristic activities alone. The general disclosure that one could make and use SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 2 could not be used to be such guidance as to guide one of skill in the art to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with the claims.

Accordingly, the disclosure fails to enable such a myriad of the claimed polynucleotides that not only vary substantially in length but also in amino acid composition and to provide any guidance to those skilled generally on how to make and use useful polynucleotides. Thus, it would require undue experimentation for one skilled in the art to make and use the polynucleotides embraced by the instant

claims.

In addition, the disclosure provides the asserted use of four probes represented by SEQ ID NOS 3-6 in isolation of PFI-002 and determination of tissue distribution of PFI-002. However, since Claim 8, as it is written, comprises at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, it encompasses virtually any random sequence of any length as long as it has a stretch of at least 15 consecutive nucleotides that is the same as in the sequence(s) recited in claim 1. The state of the art is such that determining the specificity of hybridization probes is empirical by nature and the effect of mismatches within an oligonucleotide probe or primer is unpredictable. In view of the factors, the empirical and unpredictable nature of the art and the lack of guidance with respect to how to use other probes within the scope of the claim, the disclosure does not teach one skilled in the art how to successfully use probes of the claimed scope without undue experimentation.

Claim Rejections—35 USC § 112, 1st paragraph

16. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

17. Claims 1-12 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor, at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Art Unit: 1646

The description discloses a nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1, which encodes a polypeptide as set in SEQ ID NO: 2. However, each of these claims as written includes a genus of polynucleotides that has at least 70% (75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, or 95%) identity to a polynucleotide comprising SEQ ID NO 1 or encoding SEQ ID NO 2, or a polynucleotide encoding the polypeptide expressed by the DNA contained in the clone deposited as NCIMB 41066. Thus, the claims encompass a huge number of polynucleotides that vary substantially both in length and in amino acid composition.

The instant disclosure of a single species of nucleic acid of SEQ ID NO: 1 encoding a single polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 2 does not adequately support the scope of the claimed genus, which encompasses a substantial variety of subgenera including full-length genes. A description of a genus of cDNA may be achieved by means of a recitation of a representative number of cDNAs, defined by nucleotide sequence, falling within the scope of the genus, or of a recitation of structural features common to the genus, which features constitute a substantial portion of the genus. *Regents of the University of California v. Eli Lilly & Co.*, 119 F3d 1559, 1569, 43 USPQ2d 1398, 1406 (Fed. Cir. 1997). The instant disclosure fails to provide sufficient description information, such as definitive structural or functional features of the claimed genus of polynucleotides. There is no description of the conserved regions that are critical to the structure and function of the genus claimed. There is no description of the sites at which variability may be tolerated and there is no information regarding the relation of structure to function. Furthermore, the prior art

Art Unit: 1646

does not provide compensatory structural or correlative teachings to enable one skilled in the art to identify the encompassed polynucleotides as being identical to those instantly claimed.

Due to the breadth of the claim genus and lack of the definitive structural or functional features of the claimed genus, one skilled in the art would not recognize from the disclosure that the applicant was in possession of the claimed genus.

Claim Rejections—35 USC § 112, 2nd paragraph

18. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

19. Claims 1, 8, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 is indefinite because it recites an abbreviated term, "NCIMB", which should be spelled out in the claim. In addition, the claim can be more clearly stated as "a polynucleotide encoding the polypeptide expressed by the DNA contained in the clone deposited as National Collections of Industrial and Marine Bacteria Limited (NCIMB) 41066";

Claim 8 is vague and indefinite because it is not clear which polynucleotide of claim 1 is referred to by "said polynucleotide".

Claim 22 is indefinite because it uses the words "and/or" to describe an animal cell genetically modified to increase or decrease the expression of a polynucleotide sequence.

20. Claim 22 is also objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. Claim 22 depends on an unelected claim (Claim 13). For prosecution purpose, the examiner considers as if it depends upon Claim 1.

Claim Rejections—35 USC § 102

21. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

22. Claims 1-10 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Database EMBL Accession No. AC008571 (August 3, 1999), which discloses a nucleotide sequence comprising SEQ ID NO: 1 (See attached sequence alignment) as well as a nucleotide sequence capable of hybridizing to the nucleotide sequence. The nucleotide sequence is present in a vector which in turn is present in a host cell, meeting the limitation of claims 9, 10, and 22.

Art Unit: 1646

23. Claim 1 is also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lubert

Stryer (*Biochemistry*, 3rd Edition, pp71-90, W. H. Freeman, 1988). Stryer teaches the structure of nucleotides, DNA, and RNA. Claim 1 recites "a polynucleotide fragment" which encompasses just about everything, from a single nucleotide to at least SEQ ID NO: 1 or its complement. Thus, the reference by Stryer anticipates Claim 1.

24. Claims 1, 7-12, and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by

Tan, et al (IDS, paper #7). Tan et al disclose a nucleotide sequence of a human G-protein-coupled receptor (FM3) with two regions that contain 19 and 26 contiguous nucleotides identical to that set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 (See attached sequence alignment). Also disclosed are a nucleotide sequence of mouse G-protein-coupled receptor (FM3) with 15 contiguous nucleotides identical to that set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 (See attached sequence alignment) and the use of a radiolabeled probe encompassing mouse FM-3 ORF in determining the expression profile of FM3 mRNA in several mouse tissues (See Fig. 3, page 228). Furthermore, Tan, et al disclose transfected HEK-293 cells expressing FM3 (cell membrane expression of FM3; See page 228, column 1, lines 24-27), which meets the limitation of claims 10-12 and 22.

25. Claim 12 is also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Maniatis et

al (*Molecular Cloning: A laboratory Manual*. 2nd Edition, Book 3, pp17.37-17.41, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1989). Maniatis et al. teach membrane preparation of a cell by centrifugation and thus the reference meets the limitation of

Art Unit: 1646

claim 12, which encompasses membrane preparations indistinguishable from those of the art.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ruixiang Li whose telephone number is (703) 306-0282. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:30 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yvonne Eyler, can be reached on (703) 308-6564. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 305-3014 or (703) 308-4242.

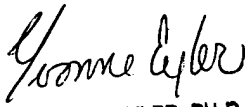
Communications via Internet e-mail regarding this application, other than those under 35 U.S.C. 132 or which otherwise require a signature, may be used by the applicant and should be addressed to yvonne.eyler@uspto.gov.

All Internet e-mail communications will be made of record in the application file. PTO employees do not engage in Internet communications where there exists a possibility that sensitive information could be identified or exchanged unless the record includes a properly signed express waiver of the confidentiality requirements of 35 U.S.C. 122. This is more clearly set forth in the Interim Internet Usage Policy published in the Official Gazette of the Patent and Trademark on February 25, 1997 at 1195 OG 89.

Art Unit: 1646

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Ruixiang Li
Examiner
October 16, 2001


YVONNE EYLER, PH.D
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600

9	280.8	38.5	1318	89	AF272362	AF272362 Homo sapi
10	280.8	38.5	187451	64	AC017104	AC017104 Homo sapi
11	280.8	35.0	1209	94	AF242873	AF242873 Rattus no
12	255	35.0	1239	94	AB038649	AB038649 Rattus no
13	243	33.3	1218	94	AF044602	AF044602 Mus muscu
14	159.6	21.9	75950	74	AC073449	AC073449 Homo sapi
15	134.8	18.5	2040	88	AF034632	AF034632 Homo sapi
16	134.8	18.5	163284	89	AL137000	AL137000 Human DNA
17	133.2	18.3	1676	85	AF082210	AF082210 Spherooid
18	127	17.4	1254	48	E11480	E11480 cDNA encodi
19	120.4	17.4	4131	93	HSN60181	X70070 H.sapiens
20	120.4	16.5	870	97	HSN60181	U60181 Human growt
21	120.4	16.5	1101	97	HSN60179	U60179 Human growt
22	119.8	16.5	14642	74	AC069523	AC069523 Homo sapi
23	119.8	16.4	121652	60	AC008191	AC008191 Drosophill
24	119.8	16.4	140838	65	AC018176	AC018176 Drosophill
25	119.8	16.4	219832	60	AC007441	AC007441 Drosophill
26	119.8	16.4	225374	5	AE003703	AE003703 Drosophill
27	118.8	16.3	150566	64	AC016938	AC016938 Homo sapi
28	114	15.6	870	7	SS060180	U60180 Sus scrofa
29	114	15.6	1101	7	SS060178	U60178 Sus scrofa
30	112.4	15.4	1161	10	I15508	I15508 Sequence 2
31	112.4	15.4	1161	10	I89330	I89330 Sequence 2
32	112.4	15.4	1370	10	I20930	I20930 Sequence 1
33	112.4	15.4	1370	10	I28195	I28195 Sequence 17
34	112.4	15.4	1466	10	I20931	I20931 Sequence 3
35	112.4	15.4	1466	10	I28196	I28196 Sequence 19
36	112.4	15.4	1504	97	HMDM4C	L12398 Homo sapien
37	112.4	15.4	1610	10	I20932	I20932 Sequence 5
38	112.4	15.4	1610	10	I28197	I28197 Sequence 21
39	110	15.1	1528	95	RNMR2REC	X97121 R.norvegicu
40	109.2	15.0	1350	94	AB001962	AB001962 Rattus no
41	109.2	15.0	3129	94	RN094331	U94321 Rattus norv
42	106.6	14.6	3129	94	AB017027	AB017027 Mus muscu
43	101.6	13.9	2379	7	BT2DOR	X51657 B.taurus do
44	101	13.9	1089	94	AF149717	AF149717 Rattus no
45	101	13.9	2351	94	AB015645	AB015645 Rattus no

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	AC008571/c	216673 bp	DNA	HTG	05-MAY-2000
LOCUS	Homo sapiens chromosome 5 clone CTC-550M4, WORKING DRAFT SEQUENCE,				
DEFINITION	9 unordered pieces.				
AC008571					
AC008571.3	GI:7708957				
HTG	HTGS_PHASE1: HTGS_DRAFT.				
KEYWORDS	human.				
SOURCE	Homo sapiens				
ORGANISM	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;				
	Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homnidae; Homo.				
	1 (bases 1 to 216673)				
REFERENCE	DOE Joint Genome Institute.				
AUTHORS	Sequencing of Human Chromosome 5				
TITLE	Unpublished				
JOURNAL	2 (bases 1 to 216673)				
REFERENCE	DOE Joint Genome Institute.				
AUTHORS	Submitted (03-ANG-1999) Production Sequencing Facility, DOE Joint				
TITLE	Genome Institute, 2800 Mitchell Drive, Walnut Creek, CA 94598, USA				
JOURNAL	On May 5, 2000 this sequence version replaced gi:7211884.				
COMMENT	-----Genome Center				
	Center: Joint Genome Institute				
	Center Code: JGI				
	Web site: http://www.jgi.doe.gov				

	Project Information				
	Center Project Name: 396672, H361				
	Center clone name: CIT-HSPC_550M4				

Summary Statistics	
Consensus quality: 197198 bases at least Q40	
Consensus quality: 207925 bases at least Q30	
Consensus quality: 210803 bases at least Q20	
Estimated insert size: 223000; pulse field gel estimation	
Estimated coverage: 5.46 in Q20 bases; pulse field gel estimation	
Quality coverage: 5.64 in Q20 bases; sum-of-contigs estimation	
* NOTE: This is a 'working draft' sequence. It currently	
* consists of 9 contigs. The true order of the pieces	
* is not known and their order in this sequence record is	
* arbitrary. Gaps between the contigs are represented as	
* runs of N, but the exact sizes of the gaps are unknown.	
* This record will be updated with the finished sequence	
* as soon as it is available and the accession number will	
* be preserved.	
1	3048: contig of 3048 bp in length
3049	3148: gap of unknown length
3149	8405: contig of 5257 bp in length
8406	8505: gap of unknown length
8506	23492: contig of 14987 bp in length
23493	23592: gap of unknown length
40019	40018: contig of 16426 bp in length
40119	40118: gap of unknown length
54777	54776: contig of 14658 bp in length
54876	54875: gap of unknown length
80051	80050: contig of 25174 bp in length
80151	80150: gap of unknown length
121105	121104: contig of 40354 bp in length
121205	121204: gap of unknown length
167091	167090: contig of 45887 bp in length
167192	167191: gap of unknown length
167192	216673: contig of 49482 bp in length.
Location/Qualifiers	
source	1. 216673
	/organism="Homo sapiens"
	/db_xref="taxon:9606"
	/chromosome="5"
	/clone="CTC-550M4"
	/clone.lib="Caltech human BAC library C"
BASE COUNT	66753 a 41883 c 42226 g 65000 t 811 others
ORIGIN	

Query Match	100.0%; Score 729; DB 60; Length 216673;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%; Pred. No. 4e-130;
Matches 729; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;	
QY 1	atggaanaacttcagaatgcttcctggtatctaccagacagaataagaatccatccag 60
DB 84403	ATGGAANAACCTTCAGAAATGCTTCCTGATCTACACAGAAATAGATCATTCACAG 84344
QY 61	aaacacctgaacagacacccagagatcttgccttccttccttcgagactcgagacac 120
DB 84343	AAACACCTGAACAGACACCGAGAGATTCGACCTTCCTTCGCGACCTCGCGCCACAC 84284
QY 121	ttcttcctcccgctgctggtggtatctgacaaatttcggtggtggtatctgacaa 180
DB 84283	TTCTTCCTCCCGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCT 84224
QY 181	gtctcgtgctgctggtggtatctgacacacacacacacacacacacacacacacac 240
DB 84223	GTCCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCT 84164
QY 241	ctcttcagctgctggtggtatctgacacacacacacacacacacacacacacacac 300
DB 84163	CTCTTCAGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCTGCT 84104
QY 301	tatgagatgtgac 360
DB 84103	TATGAGATGTGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACG 84044
QY 361	gccctcttgagacgctggtctgcttcacacacacacacacacacacacacacacac 420

Db 84043 GCCCTCTTTAGACCGGTGCTCTGCTCCATCTCAGATCACACCGCTCAGCGTGAG 83984
Qy 421 cgtcaagtgagcaccctacacccggtccgcgcaaacatgcagagcaccgagcgccgagcc 480
Db 83983 CGCTACGTGGCCATCTACACCGGTTCCGGCCAAACTGAGACACCGCGCGCGGCC 83924
Qy 481 ctcaagatcctcgcatcgctcgtggagcttcctcgctcctcctccctgccaacaccagc 540
Db 83923 CTCAGGATCTCGGCATCTGCTGGGCTTCTCCGCTCTTCTCCCTGCCCAACACACG 83864
Qy 541 atccatggatcaaatccactactccccaatgggtcccggtcccaagttcgccacc 600
Db 83863 ATCCATGGCATCAAGTTCCACTCTCCCAATGGGCTCCCTGCTCCAGTTCCGCCACC 83804
Qy 601 tgcagtgatcaagccatgtgagatcaaatcattcatcaggtcaggtcaccctcctcta 660
83803 TGTACGGTCATCAAGCCCATGTGGATCTACATTTTCATCATCCAGGTCACTCTTCCTA 83744
661 ttctactctcccaatgactgcatcagtgctcctcctactacatcagcagtcagagtg 720
Db 83743 TTCTACCTCTCTCCCATGACTGTCATCATGTCCTACTACTACCTATGCACTCAGAGTG 83684
Qy 721 agatcctag 729
|||||||
Db 83683 AGATCTTAG 83675

RESULT 2

AF242874 1239 bp mRNA PRI 13-JUL-2000
LOCUS Homo sapiens neuromedin U receptor 2 (NMU2R) mRNA, complete cds.
DEFINITION AF242874
ACCESSION AF242874
VERSION AF242874.1 GI:9082155
KEYWORDS

SOURCE

ORGANISM Homo sapiens
human.
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Homiidae; Homo.
REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1239)
AUTHORS Howard, A.D., Wang, R., Pong, S.-S., Mellin, T.N., Strack, A., Guan, X.M.,
Zeng, Z., Williams, D.L., Jr., Feigener, S.D., Nunes, C.N., Murphy, B.,
Steir, J.N., Yu, H., Jiang, Q., Clements, M.K., Tan, C.P., McKee, K.K.,
Hreniuk, D.L., McDonald, T.P., Lynch, K.R., Evans, J.F., Austin, C.P.,
Caskay, C.T., Van der Ploeg, L.H. and Liu, Q.

IDENTIFICATION OF RECEPTORS FOR NEUROMEDIN U AND ITS ROLE IN
FEEDING
NATURE 406 (6791), 70-74 (2000)
20351041

JOURNAL MEDLINE
REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 1239)
AUTHORS Liu, Q., McDonald, T.P., Wang, R., Jiang, Q. and Howard, A.D.
TITLE Direct Submission
JOURNAL Submitted (09-MAR-2000) Pharmacology, Merck Research Labs, West
Point, PA 19486, USA

FEATURES

source

1.1239 location/Qualifiers
/organism="Homo sapiens"
/db_xref="taxon:9606"
/chromosome="5"
1.1239
/gene="NMU2R"
1.1239
/gene="NMU2R"
/note="FM-4"
/product="neuromedin U receptor 2"
/protein_id="AA82755.1"
/db_xref="GI:9082156"
/translation="MEKIQNASWYQOKLEDPFOKHLNSTEETYLAFGPRSHPEFLP
VSVVYPIFVGVIGNVLVLOHAKMTPTNYLFLSLAVSLVLLGLMPLEIYE
MARNYPLFGPVCYFKTALFETVCSALSTSTYSVERVALTHPFRKLQSTRRA
LRLIGIVMGSVISLPMNSIHGIRHYFPNSLVGSATCTVIRKPMIYINFIQVTS
FLYILPMYIVISLYILMALRLKDKSLEADGNNIQRCKRSVNMKLFVLVFAI

BA,
OR

GAP of reverse of: us-09-684-725-1 . Check: 1088 from: 1 to: 729
 FROMIG of: /home/bobryen/big/US09684725.seq
 sequence 1, application us/09684725
 general information:
 applicant: lee harland
 title of invention: novel polypeptide
 file reference: pcs10361adam

to: version1, check: 7472 from: 192001 to: 218807

Symbol comparison table: /opt/gcg/gcgcore/data/rundata/nwsgapdna.comp
 CompCheck: 8760

Gap Weight:	50	Average Match:	10.000
Length Weight:	3	Average Mismatch:	0.000
Quality:	7290	Length:	26807
Ratio:	10.000	Gaps:	0
Percent Similarity:	100.000	Percent Identity:	100.000

Match display thresholds for the alignment(s):

1 - IDENTITY
 5
 1

us-09-684-725-1 x version1 September 12, 2001 10:41

```

729 .....ctagatactcact 717
204851 tgaaaaaaagaggagatcgtcgtcctcaagccacccagcctagatactcact 204900
716 ctgagtgccatcgtgagtagtagaagagacatcgtacatcgtcgtgagagag 667
204901 ctgagtgccatcgtgagtagtagaagagacatcgtacatcgtcgtgagagag 204950
666 gtagaataagaaagagagtagacatcgtgagtagaataatgtagatccacatg 617
204951 gtagaataagaaagagtagacatcgtgagtagaataatgtagatccacatg 205000
616 gcttgatgacgtacaggtggtccgaacctgggacagaggaacccattgggg 567
205001 gcttgatgacgtacaggtggtccgaacctgggacagaggaacccattgggg 205050
566 aagtaatggaacttgaatcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtc 517
205051 aagtaatggaacttgaatcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtcgtc 205100
516 caaggaagaagccccaagacatgctcgaagatcctgaagagcccgccggg 467
205101 caaggaagaagccccaagacatgctcgaagatcctgaagagcccgccggg 205150
466 tgcctcgaggttggtggcggaaggtgtatagatggccagtacgctcc 417
205151 tgcctcgaggttggtggcggaaggtgtatagatggccagtacgctcc 205200
416 acgctgaagtggtgagtgctgaagagtggaagcgaagcacaacggtcccaa 367
205201 acgctgaagtggtgagtgctgaagagtggaagcgaagcacaacggtcccaa 205250
366 gaagggccgtcttgaagtagcagccacgggcccgaacaagaaggttagt 317
205251 gaagggccgtcttgaagtagcagccacgggcccgaacaagaaggttagt 205300
316 tgcgcacatctcatagacctcagagggcattccaaggaagaccagg 267
205301 tgcgcacatctcatagacctcagagggcattccaaggaagaccagg 205350

```

```

266 agtcaagaaccgccaggtcgaagaagtagtagttggtggcgtctcat 217
205351 agtcaagaaccgccaggtcgaagaagtagtagttggtggcgtctcat 205400
216 agcctggtgctgcagaatcaccaggaacacacaggaacattgccaatgacc 167
205401 agcctggtgctgcagaatcaccaggaacacacaggaacattgccaatgacc 205450
166 ccaccacaaaatttgcaatacacaccacagacagcgaggaggaagaatggt 117
205451 ccaccacaaaatttgcaatacacaccacagacagcgaggaggaagaatggt 205500
116 ctgcgccgaggtcccgagaagagccagaatactcctcgtgctgttag 67
205501 ctgcgccgaggtcccgagaagagccagaatactcctcgtgctgttag 205550
66 gttttctggaatggaatcttctagtttctgctgtagatccagaagcat 17
205551 gttttctggaatggaatcttctagtttctgctgtagatccagaagcat 205600
16 tctgaagtcttccat..... 1
205601 tctgaagtcttccatccctgaatcaataccaagcctgagctccccc 205650

```

AC 008571

Version AC008571.1

GI : 5686496

(Submitted on August 3, 1999)

[illegible]

QY	163	gtggggggtcattgcaatttccctggtgtgctcgtgtgattctgcagcaccaggtatgaag	222
Db	88	GGGGCCCAACACACAGAGCTGTTCATGCCCACTGTGGCCACATACCTGCTGATCTTCG	147
QY	103	gaacctgcggcgaagcactcttcctcccggtgcgtgtgtagtgcgaattttgtc	162
Db	592	CTCAGAGATCCCTACACCTAGTCTGGAGCTTCCTGTGGCTTTCTTTTCCCAATACAGC	651
QY	541	atccatgagcatcaagttccactacttcccaatggttcctcgtgtcccaagttggccac	600
Db	652	ATTCATGGCATCAAGATTCCACACACTTTCCTCCAAAGGGTCTCCGTACCTGGGCTACAC	711
QY	601	tgtagcgtcatcaagcccatgtgtagtctcaaatcttcatcacccaggtatccctcttcca	660
Db	712	TGCACAGTACACCAACCATGTGGGTGTATACCTTGATCATCAAGCTACAGCTTCTC	771
QY	661	ttccaccctcccccacatgcatcgtcagtgctcctctcaccctcatgcatcagatg	720
Db	772	TTTCATCATCTCTCCCAATACCTCTATCAGCTCTCTACTACCTCATAGGGCTCAGGCTG	831
QY	721	a 721	
Db	832	A 832	

A

-308	ACCTGCCTGCCTCAGCTTCCTTCGCGTTGGGATTAAAGCTGCGCACTACCCTGCCCCGCAATTTTATTATTTTCAAGG	-229
-228	TTTGCACTCCGAATACTCTGTAGTTGAAATGCACCTTAGTGGGTGGCAGATGCTTTCTTTCCAGTGCCATGTGACTAAT	-149
-148	CAGTCTCTACAGTGTGATAACTTAGGACAGAGCTGGGATTACCTAAATGACTTCTGGGTATCTCCCCCTTCTATCCTAC	-69
-68	AGACTCCTCCTGCCTCAATTGTTCCATCTTTCTGGAGCGCTCTCCCCAAATGCTTCAAGGAGCCCC	-1
+ 1	CTG GTC TGC AAT ATC AGT GAG TTC AAG TGG CCC TAT CAA CCT GAG GAT CTG AAC CTT ACC	60
1	L V C N I S E F K W P Y Q P E D L N L T	20
	TM-1	
61	GAT GAG GCC CTG AGG CTG AAG TAT TTG GGG CCA CAG CAG ATG AAA CAG TTT GTC CCC ATC	120
21	D E A L R L K Y L G P Q Q M K Q F V P I	40
121	TGT GTC ACG TAC CTG CTG ATC TTC GTG GTG GGC ACT CTG GGC AAC GGG CTG ACC TGC ACC	180
41	C V T Y L L I F V V G T L G N G L T C T	60
	TM-2	
181	GTC ATC CTG CGC AAC AAG ACT ATG CGC ACG CCC ACC AAC TTC TAC CTC TTC AGC CTC GCT	240
61	V I L R N K T M R T P T N F Y L F S L A	80
241	GTG TCC GAT ATG CTG GTG CTC CTG GTG GGC TTG CCT CTG GAG CTT TAT GAG ATG CAG CAA	300
81	V S D M L V L L V G L P L E L Y E M Q Q	100
	TM-3	
301	AAT TAC CCG TTC CAG CTG GGT GCG AGT GCC TGC TAC TTC CGA ATA CTG CTC TTA GAG ACC	360
101	N Y P F Q L G A S A C Y F R I L L L E T	120
361	GTC TGC CTA GCT TCA GTG CTC AAT GTC ACA GCC CTG AGT GTG GAG CGT TAT GTG GCC GTG	420
121	V C L A S V L N V T A L S V E R Y V A V	140
	TM-4	
421	GTG CGC CCA CTC CAA GCC AAG TCT GTG ATG ACA CGG GCC CAT GTG CGC CGC ATG GTG GGG	480
141	V R P L Q A K S V M T R A H V R R M V G	160
481	GCC ATC TGG GTC CTC GCT ACT CTC TTC TCT CTG CCC AAC ACC AGC CTG CAT GGC CTC AGT	540
161	A I W V L A T L F S L P N T S L H G L S	180
541	CAA CTA ACT GTG CCC TGC CGG GGG CCG GTG CCC GAC TCA GCT ATA TGT TCG CTG GTG GGT	600
181	Q L T V P C R G P V P D S A I C S L V G	200
	TM-5	
601	CCC ATG GAC TTC TAC AAG TTG GTG GTA CTG ACT ACC GCA CTG CTC TTC TTC TGT CTG CCC	660
201	P M D F Y K L V V L T T A L L F F C L P	220
661	ATG GTC ACC ATC AGT GTG CTG TAT CTG CTC ATT GGG CTG CGG CTG CGG AGG GAG AGG ATG	720
221	M V T I S V L Y L L I G L R L R R E R M	240
721	TTG CTC CAA GTG GAG GTC AAG GGC AGG AAA ACC GCA GCA ACC CAG GAG ACC TCC CAC AGA	780
241	L L Q V E V K G R K T A A T Q E T S H R	260
	TM-6	
781	AGG ATT CAG CTG CAA GAT AGG GGA CGG AGA CAG GTG ACC AAG ATG CTG TTT GCA CTG GTT	840
261	R I Q L Q D R G R R Q V T K M L F A L V	280
841	GTG GTA TTC GGC ATC TGC TGG GCT CCA TTC CAT GCT GAC CGT ATC ATG TGG AGC CTG GTG	900
281	V V F G I C W A P F H A D R I M W S L V	300
	TM-7	
901	TAT GGA CAC TCA ACG GAA GGC CTG CAC CTG GCC TAC CAG TGT GTC CAC ATT GCC TCT GGC	960
301	Y G H S T E G L H L A Y Q C V H I A S G	320
961	ATC TTC TTC TAT CTC GGC TCA GCA GCC AAC CCG GTG CTC TAC AGC CTC ATG TCT ACT CGC	1020
321	I F F Y L G S A A N P V L Y S L M S T R	340
1021	TTC CGA GAG ACC TTC CTG CAA GCC CTG GGC CTT GGA ACC CAG TGC TGT CAT CGC CGC CAA	1080
341	F R E T F L Q A L G L G T Q C C H R R Q	360
1081	CCC TAT CAT GGC TCC CAT AAC CAC ATC AGG TTG ACC ACA GGC AGC ACC CTG TGT GAC GTG	1140
361	P Y H G S H N H I R L T T G S T L C D V	380
1141	GGC CAC AGG AAC AGC AGG GAC GAA CCT CTG GCT GTG AAT GAG GAT CCA GGG TGT CAG CAA	1200
381	G H R N S R D E P L A V N E D P G C Q Q	400
1201	GAG ACA GAC CCC TCC TGA	1218
401	E T D P S *	406

FIG. 1. DNA and deduced amino acid sequence for mouse (A) and human (B) FM-3. Putative transmembrane α helices are overlined and numbered from 1 to 7. For the murine form, a noncanonical leucine codon is postulated to serve as the initiator.

B

1	ATG	GCT	TGC	AAT	GGC	AGT	GCG	GCC	AGG	GGG	CAC	TTT	GAC	CCT	GAG	GAC	TTG	AAC	CTG	ACT	60
1	M	A	C	N	G	S	A	A	R	G	H	F	D	P	E	D	L	N	L	T	20
TM-1																					
61	GAC	GAG	GCA	CTG	AGA	CTC	AAG	TAC	CTG	GGG	CCC	CAG	CAG	ACA	GAG	CTG	TTC	ATG	CCC	ATC	120
21	D	E	A	L	R	L	K	Y	L	G	P	Q	Q	T	E	L	F	M	P	I	40
TM-2																					
121	TGT	GCC	ACA	TAC	CTG	CTG	ATC	TTC	GTG	GTG	GGC	GCT	GTG	GGC	AAT	GGG	CTG	ACC	TGT	CTG	180
41	C	A	T	Y	L	L	I	F	V	V	G	A	V	G	N	G	L	T	C	L	60
TM-3																					
181	GTC	ATC	CTG	CGC	CAC	AAG	GCC	ATG	CGC	ACG	CCT	ACC	AAC	TAC	TAC	CTC	TTC	AGC	CTG	GCC	240
61	V	I	L	R	H	K	A	M	R	T	P	T	N	Y	Y	L	F	S	L	A	80
TM-4																					
241	GTG	TCG	GAC	CTG	CTG	GTG	CTG	CTG	GTG	GGC	CTG	CCC	CTG	GAG	CTC	TAT	GAG	ATG	TGG	CAC	300
81	V	S	D	L	L	V	L	L	V	G	L	P	L	E	L	Y	E	M	W	H	100
TM-5																					
301	AAC	TAC	CCC	TTC	CTG	CTG	GGC	GTT	GGT	GGC	TGC	TAT	TTC	CGC	ACG	CTA	CTG	TTT	GAG	ATG	360
101	N	Y	P	F	L	L	G	V	G	G	C	Y	F	R	T	L	L	F	E	M	120
TM-6																					
361	GTC	TGC	CTG	GCC	TCA	GTG	CTC	AAC	GTG	ACT	GCC	CTG	AGC	GTG	GAA	CGC	TAT	GTG	GCC	GTG	420
121	V	C	L	A	S	V	L	N	V	T	A	L	S	V	E	R	Y	V	A	V	140
TM-7																					
421	GTG	CAC	CCA	CTC	CAG	GCC	AGG	TCC	ATG	GTG	ACG	CGG	GCC	CAT	GTG	CGC	CGA	GTG	CTT	GGG	480
141	V	H	P	L	Q	A	R	S	M	V	T	R	A	H	V	R	R	V	L	G	160
TM-8																					
481	GCC	GTC	TGG	GGT	CTT	GCC	ATG	CTC	TGC	TCC	CTG	CCC	AAC	ACC	AGC	CTG	CAC	GGC	ATC	CGG	540
161	A	V	W	G	L	A	M	L	C	S	L	P	N	T	S	L	H	G	I	R	180
TM-9																					
541	CAG	CTG	CAC	GTG	CCC	TGC	CGG	GGC	CCA	GTG	CCA	GAC	TCA	GCT	GTT	TGC	ATG	CTG	GTC	CGC	600
181	Q	L	H	V	P	C	R	G	P	V	P	D	S	A	V	C	M	L	V	R	200
TM-10																					
601	CCA	CGG	GCC	CTC	TAC	AAC	ATG	GTA	GTG	CAG	ACC	ACC	GCG	CTG	CTC	TTC	TTC	TGC	CTG	CCC	660
201	P	R	A	L	Y	N	M	V	V	Q	T	T	A	L	L	F	F	C	L	P	220
TM-11																					
661	ATG	GCC	ATC	ATG	AGC	GTG	CTC	TAC	CTG	CTC	ATT	GGG	CTG	CGA	CTG	CGG	CGG	GAG	AGG	CTG	720
221	M	A	I	M	S	V	L	Y	L	L	I	G	L	R	L	R	R	E	R	L	240
TM-12																					
721	CTG	CTC	ATG	CAG	GAG	GCC	AAG	GGC	AGG	GGC	TCT	GCA	GCA	GCC	AGG	TCC	AGA	TAC	ACC	TGC	780
241	L	L	M	Q	E	A	K	G	R	G	S	A	A	A	R	S	R	Y	T	C	260
TM-13																					
781	AGG	CTC	CAG	CAG	CAC	GAT	CGG	GGC	CGG	AGA	CAA	GTG	ACC	AAG	ATG	CTG	TTT	GTC	CTG	GTC	840
261	R	L	Q	Q	H	D	R	G	R	R	Q	V	T	K	M	L	F	V	L	V	280
TM-14																					
841	GTG	GTG	TTT	GGC	ATC	TGC	TGG	GCC	CCG	TTC	CAC	GCC	GAC	CGC	GTC	ATG	TGG	AGC	GTC	GTG	900
281	V	V	F	G	I	C	W	A	P	F	H	A	D	R	V	M	W	S	V	V	300
TM-15																					
901	TCA	CAG	TGG	ACA	GAT	GGC	CTG	CAC	CTG	GCC	TTC	CAG	CAC	GTG	CAC	GTC	ATC	TCC	GGC	ATC	960
301	S	Q	W	T	D	G	L	H	L	A	F	Q	H	V	H	V	I	S	G	I	320
TM-16																					
961	TTC	TTC	TAC	CTG	GGC	TCG	GCG	GCC	AAC	CCC	GTG	CTC	TAT	AGC	CTC	ATG	TCC	AGC	CGC	TTC	1020
321	F	F	Y	L	G	S	A	A	N	P	V	L	Y	S	L	M	S	S	R	F	340
TM-17																					
1021	CGA	GAG	ACC	TTC	CAG	GAG	GCC	CTG	TGC	CTC	GGG	GCC	TGC	TGC	CAT	CGC	CTC	AGA	CCC	CGC	1080
341	R	E	T	F	Q	E	A	L	C	L	G	A	C	C	H	R	L	R	P	R	360
TM-18																					
1081	CAC	AGC	TCC	CAC	AGC	CTC	AGC	AGG	ATG	ACC	ACA	GGC	AGC	ACC	CTG	TGT	GAT	GTG	GGC	TCC	1140
361	H	S	S	H	S	L	S	R	M	T	T	G	S	T	L	C	D	V	G	S	380
TM-19																					
1141	CTG	GGC	AGC	TGG	GTC	CAC	CCC	CTG	GCT	GGG	AAC	GAT	GGC	CCA	GAG	GCG	CAG	CAA	GAG	ACC	1200
381	L	G	S	W	V	H	P	L	A	G	N	D	G	P	E	A	Q	Q	E	T	400
TM-20																					
1201	GAT	CCA	TCC	TGA																	1212
401	D	P	S	*																	404

FIG. 1—Continued

GenBank databases were monitored daily using the Tblastn program (1) with amino acid sequence from the human GHS-R TM domains 6–7 (residues 265–366). A mouse EST (dEST database Accession No. AA562357, deposited August 18, 1997) derived from a T-cell library was identified with a significant homology score. EST 562357 exhibited good sequence identity (63%

DNA, 36% amino acid) to the 3' end of the gene for the human GHS-R. A murine T cell λ XR cDNA library (Stratagene) was screened with the mouse EST 562357 probe (455 bp in length) under high-stringency conditions. Four partial clones were identified after three rounds of screening. Additional clones were isolated from mouse thymus poly(A)⁺ RNA via 5' Race Mara-